Responsiveness of primary care services: development of a patient-report measure – qualitative study and initial quantitative pilot testing

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Plain English summary

Development of a patient-report measure

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Plain English summary

General practitioner (GP) practices, walk-in centres and pharmacies provide primary care services. Primary care providers are encouraged to be more responsive to the needs of their patients in the way they organise their services. This study aimed to find out what responsiveness means to staff and patients; develop a patient questionnaire; and explore ways in which primary care organisations (PCOs) can find out about the different patient groups who use their service.

We found from staff interviews that responsiveness involves matching the way services are delivered to patients' needs, so that no patients are disadvantaged. This can mean planning ahead, reacting to patient feedback and responding helpfully to requests.

Our questionnaire was designed to include issues that were important to patients: getting a suitable appointment; getting around the building and using the facilities; how friendly and helpful receptionists are; and getting help to organise ongoing care. Patients from 16 PCOs in three regions were asked to complete the questionnaire; we used their responses to improve the questions in the questionnaire, and to check that the questionnaire produced good-quality data. Getting a good response to questionnaires can be challenging; we made efforts to include groups whose views are often not heard, including the development of an Easy Read version. The questionnaires need further testing to assess their quality.

We found that it is difficult for GP practices to find out which patient groups use their service. GP practices were not always aware of why this might be a good thing to do.

Primary care organisations can use the questionnaires as part of a wider approach to improving their responsiveness to their patients' needs.

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