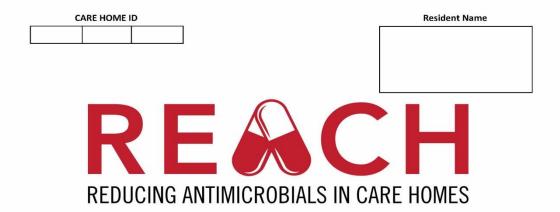
Adverse Events form



Adverse Event Report

PLEASE RECORD ANY ADVERSE EVENT

(any untoward medical occurrence in a resident which results in death or hospitalisation)

PLEASE EMAIL/FAX <u>ONLY PAGES 3&4</u> TO RESEARCH TEAM WITHIN 72 HOURS OF EVENT

REACHSAE@QUB.AC.UK FAX NO. ____



ADVERSE EVENT REPORT

PLEASE RECORD ANY ADVERSE EVENT

(any untoward medical occurrence in a resident which results in death or hospitalisation)

PLEASE EMAIL/FAX ONLY PAGES 3 & 4 TO RESEARCH TEAM WITHIN 72 HOURS OF EVENT

REACHSAE@QUB.AC.UK

1. 1 Please provide details of the Adverse Event (i.e. any untoward medical occurrence in a resident						
which results in de	eath or hospitalisation)					
What is the Adverse	Event? (e.g. fall, infection, other)					
Describe the Adverse	e Event.					
Data of Occast of Adv	DD/MM/VV)					
Date of Onset of Adv	erse Event (DD/MM/YY)					
1.2 Did this event lead to hospitalisation?		Yes		No 🗖		
If yes, date of admitta	nnce to hospital (DD/MM/YY)					
If yes, date of discharge from hospital (DD/MM/YY)				Not yet known		
1.3 Did this event l	ead to death?	Yes \square	No 🗖	Not yet known		
If yes, date of death (DD/MM/YY)			7		
If yes, cause of death	(if known)					
1.4 Form complete	ed by					
Name		Signature				
Job title		·	ż			
Date (DD/MM/YY)						
For Office Use On	ly					
Name (Received By	7)					
Date Received (DD/I	MM/YY)					

For Office Use Only									
1. Tracking Adverse Event (AE)									
1.1 AE info passed to CI	I								Y
1.2 Further follow-up information requested by	CI Yes 🗌				No 🗆				
1.3 If yes, date further follow-up information requested from care home	- i	D							Y
1.4 If yes, date further follow-up information received from care home)	B		IVI	M		Υ	Y
2. Assessment of AE									
2.1 What is the AE term?									
(E.g. fall, infection, other)									
2.2 Causality	Defini	tely	Prob	ably	Possib	ly Unli	kely	Not	related
(Is the AE related to the intervention?)	L		L		Ш	L			J .
	If selected, then please select expected/unexpected in Qn 2.3 If selected, then please select select N/A in Qn 2								
2.3 Expectedness	Expec	ted [$\exists \mid_{t}$	Jnexpe	ected \Box] _N	ot app	olicable	e 🔲
(Unexpected is the type of event not listed in									
2.4 Is the event reportable to the REC?		Υe	es 🗆]			No		
2.5 If yes, date reported to REC)			Λ			
(Event needs to be reported within 15 days of									



Home Baseline Data Collection

School of Pharmacy
Queen's University Belfast
97 Lisburn Road
Belfast BT9 7BL

Section 1.— Contact Details

1.1. Date this rec	ord completed		I	I	l I	
D	D	M		M	Y	Y
1.2 Home Name						
		Nurs	ing		Residential	
1.3 Type of Home]			
1.4 Address						
1.5 Contact Nam	e					
			Home Manager	Deputy Manager	Care Manager	Head Nurse
1.6 Position						
1.7 Contact number	ber					
1.8 Email						

Section 2.— General

with dementia?

2.1 Does the care home have a policy on antimicrobial resistance?	Yes robial		No	
If yes, Where can this be found?				
	Pern	nanent	Re	spite
2.2 Total number of beds in home				
	Male (M)	Female (F)	Male (M)	Female (F)
2.3 Current occupancy of beds				
2.4 Is the home registered to provide care for residents	Y	es	No	

Note: In order to complete the table below please use the additional sheets provided—entering the totals from these sheets into the boxes below. If there are items that DO NOT apply to this home please leave them blank.

	All		Permanent		Respite	
	M	F	M	F	M	F
2.5 Number of residents occupying a dementia bed						
2.6 Number of residents who are bedbound						
2.7 Number of residents receiving end of life care						
2.8 Median age of residents (Yrs)						
2.9Age range (highest-lowest) (Yrs)						

Section 2.— General Cont.

Yes	No
go to 2.11 below	go to 2.14 below
	Yes go to 2.11 below

Section 3.— Staffing

3.1 Please indicate how many of each of the following categories of staff work at the home.

the following the first state of the following energetics of state work at the home.						
	Tota	l Da	y Nigh	t Vacancies		
Manager/s						
Deputy manager/care manager						
Lead nurses						
Nurses						
Senior carer						
Care assistant						
Ancillary staff						
Other						
l						
3.2 Please outline the home's shi	ft pattern	below (e.g. 6.00	am—2.00pm)			
Morning						
Afternoon						
Night						
3.3 Please indicate average number of staff from each category who work on a particular shift						
		Mornings	Afternoons	Nights		
Manager/s						

	Mornings	Afternoons	Nights
Manager/s			
Deputy manager/care manager			
Lead nurses			
Nurses			
Senior carer			
Care assistant			
Ancillary staff			
Other			

Section 4.— General Practitioners (GPs) 4.1 How many GP practices provide care for most (i.e. 80%) of your residents? 4.2 Please provide name and contact details for those GP practices providing care for most of your residents 1. Name of GP Practice Name of main GP (if known) Address Telephone and/or email Name of GP Practice Name of main GP (if known) Address Telephone and/or email 3. Name of GP Practice Name of main GP (if known) Address

Telephone and/or email

Continued overleaf...

Section 4.— General Practitioners (GPs) Continued...

4.	Name of GP Practice	
	Name of main GP (if known)	
	Address	
	Telephone and/or email	
5.	Name of GP Practice	
	Name of main GP (if known)	
	Address	
	Telephone and/or email	
5.1 F Hom	e.	y stails for the main pharmacy which supplies medication to your
1.	Name of Pharmacy	
	Name of contact (if known)	
	Address	
	Telephone and/or email	

REducing Antimicrobials in Care Homes (REACH) Questionnaire

Each question has a 'Yes', 'No' or 'Don't know' response. Please tick one box for each question that best describes your feeling views about the proposed research (there are no right or wrong answers).

If you would like to add any additional comments, please do so in the box below the question.

1.	. Do you think a study like the one described in the Participant Information Sheet would be welcomed by care home staff in your home?					
	Yes □	No □	Don't know □			
	If you have any	additional comments, please add then	n here:			
2.		ucation and training programme about care home staff in your home?	antimicrobial prescribing			
	Yes □	No 🗆	Don't know □			
	If you have any	additional comments, please add then	n here:			
3.	Do you think 2 hou and training program	rs is a reasonable time for staff to be a mme?	ble to attend an education			
	Yes □	No □	Don't know □			

If you have any additional comments, please add them here:					
Do you think it is fe	easible for all care staff in your home	to attend an education and			
training programme if it was provided at different times of the day?					
Yes □	No □	Don't know □			
If you have any additional comments, please add them here:					
		-			
Yes □	No 🗆	Don't know □			
If you have any a	additional comments, please add them	n here:			
In principle, would	your care home be prepared to take p	part in a study like this?			
Yes □	No 🗆	Don't know □			
If you have any a	additional comments, please add them	n here:			
	Do you think it is for training programmed. Yes If you have any a The principle, would Yes In principle, would Yes In principle, would Y	Do you think it is feasible for all care staff in your home training programme if it was provided at different times Yes			

7. Do you have any other comments you wish to add?	
Comments:	

THANK YOU FOR COMPLETING THE SURVEY

Please return to the study team using the FREEPOST envelope provided (no postage stamp required)

Contacts with Health and Social Care Professionals form

Care Home ID	
	REDUCING ANTIMICROBIALS IN CARE HOMES

COMPLETE ONE FORM EACH DAY
DATE (DD/MM/YY)
Staff name (block capitals)

Contacts with Health and Social Care Professionals

Please complete one form each day to record the contacts your home has with health and social care professionals (HSCP).

Please DO NOT record phone calls with receptionists e.g. to request an appointment, to chase up prescriptions.

Please DO NOT record hospital contacts here (e.g. A&E, outpatient clinic, admissions). Please use the Hospital Service Use Form instead.

		Reason: Pi	lease tick	Type of o	contact: Pleas	e tick ONE		Number of residents involved
Health and Social Care Professional	Contact	Suspected infection? ¹	Other	Phone call with HSCP	Visit at home	Visit at surgery/clinic	Out of hours?	
	1							
	2							
GP	3							
	4							
	5							
	1							
Nurse ²	2							
(please	3							
specify)	4							
	5							
	1							
Other ³	2							
(please	3							
specify)	4							
	5							
¹ If ticked, please ensure a	'Using Decision	-Making Tool'	form is compl	leted; ² E.g. district	nurse, tissue	viability nurse; ³ E.g	dentist, phys	sio, social worker

REACH- Contacts with Health and Social Care Professionals Form V2 28/04/17

Using the Decision-Making Algorithm form

CARE HOME ID	RF				┢┪``。	Please use block Resident's na	
	EDUCING AN	TIMICI	RORIA	LS IN CARE	HOMES	Sta	ff name:
This form is for you to record when and if you u when to contact the GP when you suspect a resthe aid and the reasons why.	se the REACI	H decis	ion aid	d in making a	a decision about	ou do not use	\ Cut
Section 1. Date and time when infection	on first sus	specte	ed				
Date (DD/MM/YY)		T	ime (24HR)			
Section 2. What infection did you sus	pect in the	resid	lent?				
Urinary tract Respiratory tract S	kin & soft ti	issue	Do	n't know		Other	
					Please sp	pecify	
Section 3. Did you use the REACH de	ecision-ma	king	aid?				
Yes No Please specify why not Section 4. What action(s) did you or o	thers take	? (Ple	ease [✓ all that	apply)		
I continued to monitor/provide supportive care. Please ☑ & If 'yes', please date (DD/MM/YY)	ed the GP	YY) I		aled the decision	ion- Other actio	n (e.g. contact with urse, taking urine action by family)	No action taken
Was this 'out or Dyes No	0			Please speci		ise specify	
Section 5. If contacted, what action(s) die	d the GP ta	ke? (F	Please	· ☑ all that	apply)		
The GP visited the resident at the care hom	e					Yes 🗆	
The GP prescribed antibiotics Yes							
The GP advised to continue to monitor and/or provide supportive care Yes*							
*If yes, the GP later prescribed antibiotics Yes							
Other (please provide details)							
Section 6: What happened to this resi	ident in th	e two	weel	ks after th	e infection w	as first suspecte	d?
The resident recovered	□ No		Yes				
The resident was prescribed further antibi-	□ No		Yes	Date (DD/M	IM/YY)		
The resident was admitted to hospital	□ No		Yes	Date admi	tted (DD/MM/YY)		
The resident died	□ No		Yes	Date of de	eath (DD/MM/YY)		
Other (please provide details):							

REACH Study Pharmacy data procedure V1 17/05/2017

Background

REACH is taking place in six care homes: three in Northern Ireland and three in England. As a condition of inclusion into the study, the homes need to receive the majority of prescription drugs for the residents dispensed from a single pharmacy/dispensary. It is understood that there will be times that emergency or unavailable items will be obtained from elsewhere.

One of the main data sources for the outcome of the REACH study will be dispensing records for all antimicrobials dispensed to residents in each of the homes for a period of approximately 18 months. We have planned to collect these data at two time points. The first time point is a period of twelve months leading up to the start date of the implementation phase of the study (baseline). The second time point is a period of approximately six months from the start of implementation. More detail is provided in the procedures below.

Contact with all of the pharmacies/dispensaries linked to the REACH homes was made during the development phase of the project. Independent, chain pharmacies and surgery-based dispensaries will be providing data. This means that there will be a number of approaches to the way that data will be collected. There are different computer systems but all allow the interrogation of the systems by the pharmacy staff and anonymised data downloads suitable for the study are possible.

Below we outline the two general procedures we are employing in this feasibility study. These are:

- 1. Data being supplied from a central source within the organisation from a large chain of pharmacies (Boots), which will be providing data for three of the six homes associated with the study;
- 2. Data from independent pharmacies/dispensaries which are supplying data for a single home.

Participating pharmacy procedure

Notifications will be sent to the participating pharmacy/organisation requesting the data (either as a letter or an email, dependent on the pharmacy/organisation requirement). Notifications will be issued in May/June 2017 for baseline data (i.e. 12 months preceding the implementation phase) and Nov/Dec 2017 for follow-up (6 months from the start of implementation). These notifications will include full and clear instructions of the data requirements. This will include the location and name of the home/s, the search dates, the output variables, the acceptable output styles and instructions of how to securely supply the data to the research team. Pharmacies/organisations will also be given instructions on how to invoice the REACH study for the agreed 'search fee'. A letter, outlining these instructions is included as an appendix. The research teams (NI & England) will, if required, liaise with the pharmacies/dispensaries to answer questions as required.

Data

The data required relates to prescription medications dispensed to the study care homes over a period defined in the notification. The first data download will relate to the 12-month period pre-implementation and the second download will relate to the 6-month period from the start of the implementation period. Specifically, we require data on antimicrobials that are dispensed, but if filtering the data to obtain this therapeutic group is problematic or excessively time-consuming, a download of all medications will be acceptable and the research team will undertake to refine the download.

The current ethically approved protocol for the study (version 3, 13.12.2016 – page 17) states:

"Antimicrobials are defined as those medicines which are listed in Chapter 5 (Infections) of the British National Formulary (BNF; Joint Formulary Committee, 2014). The antimicrobials of interest are listed in numbered sections of Chapter 5 and are as follows: antibacterial drugs (section 5.1), antifungal drugs (section 5.2) and selected agents from antiviral drugs (section 5.3). The extracted data will include the name, strength, formulation and quantity of antimicrobial dispensed and cost. This will allow us to calculate a Defined Daily Dose (DDD) exposure which is a commonly used measure of drug usage. The data will be produced in a comma delimited file which can then be directly transferred into Excel in the first instance. No individual resident will be identified in this download as all personal information will be removed by the pharmacist, but each will be assigned a unique identifier. Collection of these data will allow us to conduct a sample size calculation that can inform a future definitive randomised study and should, depending on quality and quantity of the available data, allow us to produce some evidence for any effect our intervention has on prescribing."

1. Data supplied by Boots

For the Boots central data supplier, which is providing data for three homes, we will require the inclusion of a variable that identifies (ID) each of the care homes (unless this variable is the home name). This will need to be an ID that we can recognise and may require Boots providing a 'Key' to this variable so that we can clearly identify the home.

The variables required are:

- Patient/resident number (as assigned by the system)
- Date of prescription
- Drug name
- Drug strength
- Formulation
- Quantity dispensed
- Cost (cost per unit)

No resident names should be supplied.

For the first download (baseline data) to ensure a full 12 month period for all three homes, the start date for the baseline search will be equal to 12 months prior to the date of the first home starting in the study. The end date will equate to the date on which the third home started.

For the second download (follow-up): The start date for the search will equate to the start date of the first home. The end date will equate to the date the third home completes its sixmonth implementation period.

2. Data supplied by independent pharmacies/dispensaries

For independent pharmacies, we will ask for the electronic data download file supplied to be given a filename that identifies the care home and the date that the data download took place (e.g. ZZ Nursing home_REACH_ZZ.ZZ.17).

The variables are:

- Patient/resident number (as assigned by the system)
- Date of prescription
- Drug name
- Drug strength
- Formulation
- Quantity dispensed
- Cost (cost per unit)

No resident names should be supplied.

For the first download, (baseline data) the start date for the baseline search will equate to 12-months prior to the date the home started in the study. The end date will equate to the date the home started in the study.

For the second download (follow-up): The start date for the search will be equal to the start date of the home. The end date will be equate to the date the home completes its six-month implementation period.

These dates will be calculated and supplied to the pharmacies in the notification letter.

Data output

The data should be supplied in a file format that can be transferred into a Microsoft Excel document; for example, comma delimited files (.csv).

Although this is anonymous data, we have a responsibility to ensure that the data are securely transferred from the pharmacy to the study database in NI. For this purpose, we will supply the pharmacy/dispensary with an encrypted memory stick onto which the data can be downloaded. Following download, this will be collected by the Research Fellows. We will be guided by the data provider (Boots) as to the most secure method of providing this data to us. This may be a secure virtual private network (VPN) that will allow an upload of the data directly to the Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit (NICTU).

In England, the data from the memory sticks will be sent to NICTU by encrypted email. Upon confirmed receipt of the file the research will ring the NICTU and provide the passphrase. The transfer will be from Warwick Clinical Trials Unit (WCTU) to NICTU. In NI the memory stick can be hand delivered to NICTU and downloaded or will be emailed as described above.

Data queries

Upon download, the data will be checked for inconsistencies or errors. The research team will be notified by NICTU as soon as possible if there are any queries and the researchers will speak to the pharmacy concerned to see if these queries can be resolved.

Sub-Appendix

Example text for notification

Headers as appropriate

Dear Mr Smith

Re REACH study pharmacy data for (add home Name)

Thank you for agreeing to provide dispensing data for the REACH study. We would now like you to run the data download that we have discussed previously. This is the **first** of two downloads and represents approximately a 12-month period prior to the start of the study in each participating care home. (For follow-up text would be: this is the **second** of the two data downloads and represents a period covering the 6 month period during which the care homes took part in the REACH study). Below we have provided instructions on what we would like you to do at this stage. Should you have any questions, please contact the research team.

We require a data download from your dispensing database for medications dispensed to (*add home Name*) that you supply (details below). The information that we are interested in are all **antibiotics/antimicrobial medications** that are dispensed over the 12 month period before the start of the study in the home. To provide clarity on our definition of antibiotic/antimicrobials, see below where we present an extract from our protocol.

"Antimicrobials are defined as those medicines which are listed in Chapter 5 (Infections) of the British National Formulary (BNF; Joint Formulary Committee, 2014). The antimicrobials of interest are listed in numbered sections of Chapter 5 and are as follows: antibacterial drugs (section 5.1), antifungal drugs (section 5.2) and selected agents from antiviral drugs (section 5.3). The extracted data will include the name, strength, formulation and quantity of antimicrobial dispensed and cost."

We hope that you will be able to provide information relating to only these medicines, but if it is not possible to do this on your computer system, please download all medication for that home and the research team will eliminate all medications which are not relevant.

Search parameters

Home address:

Start date of search:

End date of search:

Please present the data in a spreadsheet format in files like those produced in Excel (.xls) or some systems produce outputs in comma delimited files (.csv) which are also acceptable. If you have questions about this please contact the team.

We would like you to supply the following:

- Patient/resident number (as assigned by the system)
- Date of prescription
- Drug name
- Drug strength
- Formulation
- Quantity dispensed
- Cost (cost per unit)

No resident names should be supplied.

The research team will supply you with a password-protected, encrypted, memory stick onto which the data should be downloaded.

The electronic dataset file should identify the home to which the data relates within the filename along with the date that the data download took place (e.g. ZZ Nursing home_REACH_ZZ.ZZ.17).

The REACH Research Fellow will be in touch with you and arrange to collect the data when you have uploaded it onto the memory stick. Please note that our team will run some checks on the data. We suggest that you keep a copy of the data for three weeks in case we need to contact you about any queries we may have.

As agreed, the payment for this first data download will be £XX. We will arrange for payment following collection of the memory stick.

(If baseline) We will be in touch with you again in approximately 6 months regarding the second data download.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank you for your support with this project. If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us

Yours Sincerely

Prof. Carmel Hughes
Chief Investigator of the REACH study

Use of Hospital Services form

		Please use block capite Resident's name:
Care Home ID	REDUCING ANTIMICROBIALS IN CARE HOMES	Staff name:
	REDOUND AND MED IN OAKE HOMES	,,,

Use of Hospital Services by Residents

Please complete one form **each time** a resident uses a hospital service.

If the use of more than one hospital service is linked with a single event, then use a single form to record this. eg~a~visit~to~A&E which led to a hospital admission.

Please try to record the outcome of this event when it is known.

Section 1. Date and reason for use of hospital service(s)							
Date (DD/MM/YY)							
Company de la line faction of	□ YES	Spe	ecify infect	ion	suspected:		
Suspected infection?	□NO	Spe	Specify reason if known:				
Section 2. Details of the hospital service(s) used							
Outpatient appointment	□ YES						
Day procedure	□ YES						
A & E	□ YES						
Admission to hospital		Was it a plant admission?		ned	□ YES		
	□ YES			ica	□NO		
	Outcome	e (Re	etain form	unt	il outcome	is kn	nown)
	Returned care hom		□ YES		te of return D/MM/YY:		
	Moved elsewhere	e	□ YES		te of move D/MM/YY:		
	Died		□ YES		te of death D/MM/YY:		
	Other		□ YES	Spe	ecify if know	n:	

Invitation Letter: Care Home Staff: Focus Group and Interview

August 2016

Dear care home staff member

Re. An evaluation of a multi-faceted intervention to reduce antimicrobial prescribing in care home residents [REducing Antimicrobials in Care Homes (REACH)]: a non-randomised feasibility study and process evaluation

We are writing to ask you to consider taking part in the above study (REACH) which is being carried out by the School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, Warwick Medical School, the University of Warwick, McMaster University in Canada and the Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit. The study is being funded by the National Institute for Health Research.

There have been concerns about the high level of prescribing of antimicrobials (antibiotic, antifungal and antiviral medicines) in care homes for older people meaning that these medicines may not work as well as they should. This is due to resistance developing to these medicines. In the REACH study, we want to develop an education and training programme for care home staff and general practitioners (GPs), based on one that was used in a study in Canadian care homes. In the Canadian study, the education and training programme led to fewer antimicrobials being prescribed.

The care home in which you work is taking part in the study, and we would like to invite you to join a focus group to discuss the education and training programme. The focus group will consist of care home staff only. Staff taking part in the focus group will receive £50 (paid by cheque) and their travel expenses will be covered. The focus group will take place in a convenient location and will last up to 90 minutes. At the end of the study, we would also like to ask you to consider taking part in a face-to-face interview, to find out what you thought about the study. There will be another payment of £50 (cheque) if you take part in the interview. It is important that you are fully aware that participation in this study is entirely voluntary. You do not have to take part if you don't want to.

We have enclosed a copy of a Participant Information Sheet which provides further details about what taking part in this study would involve, and which hopefully should answer any questions you have about the study. It is important that you read this information before you decide whether or not to take part. We have also enclosed a consent form.

If you would like to take part in the study then please complete the consent form and return to the care home manager. If you require further information before you decide what to do, please do not hesitate to contact the Queen's University/University of Warwick (*delete as appropriate*) Research Fellow, XXXX, who works in the REACH research team by telephoning XXXX or emailing XXXX.

Yours sincerely

Professor Carmel Hughes

Chief Investigator of the REACH study

Invitation Letter: Family members: Focus Groups

August 2016

Dear

Re. The REducing Antimicrobials in Care Homes (REACH) Study: a new

approach to reducing the amount of prescribing of antimicrobial medicines $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

I am writing to ask you to consider taking part in the above study (REACH) which is

being carried out by a research team from the School of Pharmacy, Queen's University

Belfast, Warwick Medical School, McMaster University Canada, the University of Warwick

and the Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit. The study is being funded by the National

Institute for Health Research.

There have been concerns about the prescribing of antimicrobials (antibiotic, antifungal

and antiviral medicines) in care homes for older people meaning that these medicines may

not work as well as they should. People can develop resistance to antimicrobials if they are

used when they are not needed, or if they are used for too long. In the REACH study, we

want to develop an education and training course for care home staff and general practitioners

(GPs), based on one that was used in a study in Canadian care homes. In the Canadian study,

the education and training programme led to fewer antimicrobials being prescribed. The

REACH research team are going to use the education and training course that they have

developed in care homes and general practices and see if it is acceptable to staff and general

practitioners (GPs).

[INSERT NAME of care home] is taking part in the study, and because you have a

family member in this home, I would like to invite you to join a focus group (a group

discussion) to talk about the education and training course and your views about the

prescribing of antimicrobial medicines. The focus group will consist of other people who

have family members in this home. People taking part in the focus group will receive £50

(cheque) and their travel expenses will be covered. The focus group will take place in a

convenient location and will last up to 90 minutes.

It is important that you are fully aware that participation in this study is entirely

voluntary. You do not have to take part if you don't want to.

about what taking part in this study would involve. I hope that it answers any questions you

I have enclosed a copy of a Participant Information Sheet which provides further details

have about the study. It is important that you read this information before you decide whether

or not to take part. I have also enclosed a consent form.

If you would like to take part in the study then please complete the consent form and

return it to me. If you require further information before you decide what to do, please do not

hesitate to contact the Queen's University/University of Warwick (delete as appropriate)

Research Fellow XXXX, who works in the REACH Research team by telephoning XXXX or

emailing XXXX.

Yours sincerely

[Insert name of manager]

Manager of [Insert name of Care Home]

<u>Invitation letter for Manager/CEO of care home(s)</u>

Headed notepaper (Queen's, Warwick and NICTU)

Date

Dear XXX:

Re. An evaluation of a multi-faceted intervention to reduce antimicrobial prescribing in care home residents [REducing Antimicrobials in Care Homes (REACH)]: a non-randomised feasibility study and process evaluation

We are writing to ask you to consider taking part in the above study (REACH) which is being conducted by the School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, Warwick Medical School, the University of Warwick, McMaster University in Canada and the Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit. The study is being funded by the National Institute for Health Research.

There have been concerns about the level of prescribing of antimicrobials (antibiotic, antifungal and antiviral medicines) in care homes for older people which might lead to resistance. In the REACH study, we plan to develop an education and training intervention for care home staff and general practitioners, based on one that was used in Canadian care homes that successfully led to a decrease in the prescribing of antimicrobials that were not needed.

We want to recruit six care homes to take part-three in Northern Ireland and three in Coventry/Warwickshire. We would like to run focus groups with care home staff and family members of residents to seek their opinion about the training material and programme that we will develop. We would also like to train staff in how best to manage infections, ask staff to put the training into practice over a six-month period and collect some information for the research team, and then carry out further focus groups or interviews with staff about their views of the study as whole. We also plan to interview general practitioners (GPs) about the training material and programme. We will then train care home staff and general practitioners and assess if this approach can be successfully used in care homes.

We would be happy to talk to you further and provide more information about this study. A member of the research team will telephone you in the next week to gauge your interest in the study and to confirm some details about the home you manage.

Yours sincerely,

Carmel Hughes, Queen's University Belfast David Ellard, Warwick University

Invitation Letter: General Practitioners: Interview

January 2017	
Dear	

Re. An evaluation of a multi-faceted intervention to reduce antimicrobial prescribing in care home residents [REducing Antimicrobials in Care Homes (REACH)]: a non-randomised feasibility study and process evaluation.

We are writing to ask you to consider taking part in the above study (REACH) which is being conducted by the School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, Warwick Medical School, the University of Warwick, McMaster University Canada, and the Northern Ireland Clinical Trials Unit. The study is being funded by the National Institute for Health Research.

There have been concerns about the level of prescribing of antimicrobials (antibiotic, antifungal and antiviral medicines) in care homes for older people which might lead to resistance. In the REACH study, we plan to develop an education and training programme for care home staff, based on one that was used in Canadian care homes that led to a reduction in the prescribing of antimicrobials that were not needed.

We would like to invite you to take part in a face-to-face interview with a member of our research team. The interview will take place at your place of work and will last approximately 30-45 minutes. During this interview, you will be asked about your views and opinions on the education and training programme that we plan to deliver to care home staff. You will be given £50 (cheque) as a token of thanks for taking the time to be interviewed, and will receive a certificate of participation which can be added to your Continuing Professional Development portfolio.

We would also like to interview you towards the end of the study, and again there will be a payment of £50 (cheque) as a token of thanks for taking the time to be interviewed, and you will receive a certificate of participation which can be added to your Continuing Professional Development portfolio.

It is important that you are fully aware that participation in this study is entirely voluntary. You do not have to take part if you don't want to.

We have enclosed a copy of a Participant Information Sheet which provides further details about what taking part in an interview would involve, and which hopefully should answer any questions you have about the study. It is important that you read this information before you decide whether or not to take part. We have also enclosed a consent form.

If you would like to take part in an interview or if you require further information before you decide what to do, please do not hesitate to contact the Queen's University Research Fellow, Dr Anne Montgomery, who works in the REACH research team by telephoning 028 9097 2348 or by emailing a.montgomery@qub.ac.uk.

Yours sincerely

Professor Carmel Hughes

Chief Investigator of the REACH study

REACH Care Home Survey Invitation Letter

DATE

Dear Manager,

Re: Reducing Antimicrobials in Care Homes (REACH) – a short survey.

I am writing to invite you to take part in a short survey. The purpose of the survey is to ask your views about a study to reduce antimicrobial prescribing (mainly antibiotics) in care homes for older people. I can assure you that all responses will be anonymous and not attributable to you. Consent to participate in this study is voluntary and submitting a completed questionnaire will indicate your consent.

I would be grateful if you could take the time to complete the questionnaire enclosed and return it using the pre-paid envelope enclosed. The questionnaire should take no longer than 10 minutes to complete and the deadline for returning the completed questionnaire is **DATE**. We very much appreciate your help with this.

If you have any questions or concerns about this study, please contact XXX in the (Email: XXXX Tel: XXXX) or Prof. Carmel Hughes (email: XXX Tel: XXXX).

Yours Sincerely,

Prof. Carmel Hughes

Enc: Participant information sheet, Survey