Supplementary File 9: Additional Tables for Chapter 2, Results: Decision impact studies

Table 1: Study characteristics: Oncotype DX

Study	Country	N patients	Population	Nodal status	Prosp /	N	Pre-test	Pre-test by	Post-test	Post-test by	Risk grou	up (%)	
_	(area)	_	_		retro	centres		(based on)		(based on)	Low	Inter	High
UK studies													
Hassan 2015 ²	UK (Bolton)	26	ER+ HER2- (assumed)	LN0 (assumed)	Prosp	1	Recomm	MDT (NR)	Decision	MDT & patient (NR)	81%		19%
Holt 2013 ³ Albanell 2016 ⁴ (subgroup)	,	All: 142 Sub: 94	All: ER+ HER2+/- Sub: ER+ HER2-	All: LN0/N1mi Sub: LN0	Prosp	1	Decision	Physician & patient (CP factors+AOL)	Decision	Physician & patient (NR)	Sub: NR	All: 28% Sub: NR	Sub: NR
Kiernan 2016 ⁵	UK	50	ER+ HER2- (assumed)	LN0 (assumed)	Retro	2	Recomm	Physician (NR)	Recommend ation	Physician	NR	NR	NR
Kuchel 2016 ⁶	UK	135	ER+ HER2-	LN0-3	Prosp	Multi	Recomm and Decision	NR	Recomm and Decision	NR	52%	42%	6%
Loncaster 2017 ⁷	UK (Manches ter)	All: 201 LN0: 136 LN+: 65	ER+ HER2-	LN0 68% LN+ 32%	Pilot + retro.	NR	Recomm	MDT (CP factors + PREDICT)	Decision	NR (test for low/high RS; test + patient discussion for inter RS)	LN+:	All: 44% LN0: 51% LN+: 29%	All: 13% LN0: 15% LN+: 9%
European stud	lies	by the com	pany in confidence	and cannot be	reported h	ere.							
Albanell 2012 ⁸ (trans- GEICAM)	Spain	107	ER+ HER2-	LN0	Prosp	6	Recomm	Physician (CP factors)	Recomm	Physician	58%	33%	9%
Bodmer 2015 ⁹	Switzerla nd		ER+ HER2- Pre/postmeno Inter clin risk	LN0 or LN+	Prosp	1 area	Recomm	Physician (CP factors)	Recomm	MDT	52%	40%	8%
De San Vicente 2015 ¹⁰	Spain	37	HR+ HER2- Inter O-DX	LN0, 73% LN+, 27%	Retro	1	Recomm	Physician (CP factors)	Decision	Physician & patient	0%	100%	0%
Dieci 2016 ¹¹	Italy	123	ER+ HER2- T1-3 Inter clin risk	LN0	Prosp	9	Recomm	Physician (NR)	Recomm & Decision	Physician Physician & patient	61%	33%	6%
Dreyfus 2015 ¹²	France	39	HR+ HER2- Indicated for CT	LN0, 39% LN1-3, 51%	Prosp	2	Recomm	MDT	Recomm	MDT	49%	46%	5%

Study	Country	N patients	Population	Nodal status	Prosp /	N	Pre-test	Pre-test by	Post-test	Post-test by	Risk gr	oup (%)	
	(area)	•	•		retro	centres		(based on)		(based on)	Low	Inter	High
Eiermann	Germany	244 LN0	ER+ HER2-	LN0, 67%	Prosp	15	Recomm	MDT (CP	Recomm	MDT	54%	38%	8%
2013 ¹³		122 LN+		LN1-3, 33%				factors & local protocol)					
Gligorov	France	95	ER+ HER2-	LN0-mic	Prosp	7	Recomm	MDT (CP	Recomm	MDT	55%	40%	5%
2015^{14}								factors +					
(SWITCH)								French					
,								guidelines)					
Hejduk 2016 ¹⁵	Czech	196	ER+ HER2-	LN0	Prosp	13	Recomm	NR	Recomm	NR	56%	38%	6%
Petrakova	Republic		grade 2 + other										
2016a, b ^{16, 17}	-		risk factor										
Mouysset	France	603	ER+ HER2-	LN0, 61%	Prosp	Multi	Recomm	MDT (CP	Recomm	MDT	60%	34%	6%
2016^{18}				LN+, 39%				factors)					
Novas 2016 ¹⁹	Spain	35	NR	N1mic	Retro	NR	Recomm	Physician (NR)	Recomm	Physician	54%	43%	3%
Pestalozzi	Switzerla	221	ER+ HER2-	pN0 or pN1a	Prosp	Multi	Recomm	MDT (NR)	Recomm	MDT	NR	NR	NR
2015 ²⁰	nd	221	EK+ HEK2-	prvo or prvra	Tiosp	With	Recomm	MDT (NK)	Recomm	WID I	INIX	INIX	INIX
Wassermann	France	72	HR+ HER2-	LN0, 86%	Prosp	4	Recomm	MDT (NR)	Recomm	MDT	NR	NR	NR
2015^{21}			Pre/postmeno	LNmic, 6%									
			_	LN1-3, 9%									

N, number of patient; AOL, Adjuvant! Online; HR+, hormone receptor positive; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor; ER+, oestrogen receptor positive; LN, lymph node; RS, Oncotype DX recurrence score; Inter, intermediate; sub, subgroup; NR, not reported; Prosp, prospective; Retro, retrospective; Multi, multinational; CP, clinicopathological; Recomm, recommendation; MDT, multidisciplinary team; pre/postmeno, pre and post menopausal women

Table 2: Study characteristics: EndoPredict (EPClin)

Study	Country	N patients	Population	Nodal status	Prosp /	N	Pre-test	Pre-test by	Post-test	Post-test by	Risk gro	up (%)	
	(area)				retro	centres		(based on)		(based on)	Low		
UK studies													
	UK	149	ER+ HER2-	NR	Prosp	8	Decision	Physician &	Decision	Physician &	50%	-	50%
2017^{22}								patient (CP		patient			
(abstract)								factors)					
European stud	ies												
Ettl 2015 ²³	Germany	217	ER+ HER2-	LN0, 73%	Prosp	1	Recomm	MDT (CP	Recomm	MDT	61%	-	39%
	-			LN+, 27%	_			factors +					
								uPA/PAI-1)					
Muller 2013 ²⁴	Germany	130	ER+ HER2-	LN0, 62%	Retro	1	Recomm	Physician (CP	Recomm	Physician	48%	-	52%
	•			LN1-3, 35.5%				factors)					
				LN4+, 2.5%				,					
Penault-Llorca	France	200	ER+ HER2-	LN0-mic	Prosp		Recomm	MDT (CP	Recomm &	MDT	67%	-	33%
2016^{25}			Clinically inter.					factors)	Decision				
(ADENDOM)			risk					,					

N, number of patient; HR+, hormone receptor positive; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor; ER+, oestrogen receptor positive; LN, lymph node; Inter, intermediate; -, not reported; Prosp, prospective; Retro, retrospective; CP, clinicopathological; Recomm, recommendation; MDT, multidisciplinary team;

Table 3: Study characteristics: IHC4+C

Country [N patients	Population	Nodal status	Prosp /	N centres	Pre-test	Pre-test by	Post-test	Post-test by	Risk group (%)		
(area)				retro			(based on)		(based on)	Low		
UK	124	ER+ HER2-	LN0 74%	Prosp	1 (Royal	Recomm	MDT (NR)	Recomm	MDT	NR	NR	NR
(London)			LN1-3 26%		Marsden)							
European studies												
(UK London)	UK 124 London) es	JK 124 ER+ HER2- London) es	UK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% LN1-3 26% es	JK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp LN1-3 26% es	UK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp 1 (Royal London) LN1-3 26% Marsden) es	JK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp 1 (Royal Recomm LN1-3 26% Marsden) es	JK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp 1 (Royal Marsden) Recomm MDT (NR) London) LN1-3 26% Marsden Marsden	JK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp 1 (Royal Recomm MDT (NR) Recomm LN1-3 26% Prosp LN1-3 26% L	JK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp 1 (Royal Recomm MDT (NR) Recomm MDT	UK 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% Prosp 1 (Royal Recomm MDT (NR) Recomm MDT NR London) Marsden	JK London) 124 ER+ HER2- LN0 74% LN1-3 26% Prosp Marsden) I (Royal Marsden) Recomm MDT (NR) Recomm MDT NR NR NR es

N, number of patient; HR+, hormone receptor positive; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor; ER+, oestrogen receptor positive; LN, lymph node; Inter, intermediate; -, not reported; Prosp, prospective; Recomm, recommendation; MDT, multidisciplinary team

Table 4: Study characteristics: Prosigna

Study	Country	N patients	Population	Nodal status	Prosp /	N centres	Pre-test	Pre-test by	Post-test	Post-test by	Risk group (%)		
	(area)				retro			(based on)		(based on)	Low		
UK studies													
None													
European stud	lies												
Martin 2015 ²⁷ (GEICAM)	Spain	200	ER+, HER2- Stage 1-2 T<5cm postmeno	LN0	Prosp	15	Recomm	Physician (CP variables or AOL & immunohistoc hemistry)	Recomm	Physician	51%	33%	17%
Van Asten 2016 ²⁸	Belgium		ER+, HER2- Unclear if CT needed	NR	Prosp	1	Recomm	MDT (CP factors)	Recomm	MDT	NR	NR	NR
Wuerstlein 2016 ²⁹	Germany		ER+, HER2- postmeno	LN0	Prosp	11	Recomm	Physician (CP factors)		Physician	43%	35%	22%

N, number of patient; HR+, hormone receptor positive; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor; ER+, oestrogen receptor positive; LN, lymph node; Inter, intermediate; NR, not reported; Prosp, prospective; CP, clinicopathological; Recomm, recommendation; MDT, multidisciplinary team; postmeno, postmenopausal; AOL, Adjuvant! Online;

Table 5: Study characteristics: MammaPrint

Study	Country	N patients	Population	Nodal	Prosp /	N centres	Pre-test	Pre-test by	Post-test	Post-test by	Risk group (%)		
-	(area)			status	retro			(based on)		(based on)	Low		
UK studies													
None													<u> </u>
European studio												_	
Bueno-de- Mesquita 2007 ³⁰ (RASTER)	Netherlands	427	80% ER+ 84% HER2- T1-4, M0 <61 yrs	LN0-micro	Prosp	16	Recomm	Physician (Dutch CBO guidelines)	Recomm & Decision	Physician; physician & patient	51%	-	49%
Cusumano 2014 ³¹	Netherlands, Belgium, Italy, Spain	151	ER+ HER2- T1-3, M0	LN0 LN1-3	Prosp	4	Recomm	MDT (NR)	Recomm	MDT	NR	-	NR
Drukker 2014 ³² (subset of RASTER)	Netherlands, Germany, France, Italy, Portugal	37	ER+/- HER2+/- T1-3, M0	LN0	Selected cases	12 oncologists	Recomm	Physician (tools & CP factors)	Recomm	Physician	NR	-	NR
Exner 2014 ³³	Austria	75	ER+ HER2- Grade 1-2 T 1-3cm	LN0	Prosp	1 hospital	Recomm	MDT (closely followed St Gallen 2009)	Recomm	MDT	76%	-	24%
Hartmann 2012 ³⁴	Germany	60	HR+ HER2- ≥60 years Grade 2-3 T >1cm	LN0 LN1-3	Prosp	2 hospitals	Decision	MDT (national guidelines) + patient preference	Recomm	MDT	63%	-	37%
Kuijer 2016 ³⁵	Netherlands	377	ER+ (HER2 NR)	NR	Prosp	33 hospitals	Recomm	Physician (CP factors)	Recomm	Physician	57%	-	43%
Rullan 2016 ³⁶	Spain	129	HR+ HER2- 35-70 yr T 1-3cm, grade 2	94% LN0- mic	NR	3 hospitals	Recomm	Physician (CP factors & local protocol)	Decision	Physician + patient	NR	-	NR
Wuerstlein 2016 ³⁷ (WSG PRIMe)	Germany	430	HR+ HER2-	LN0 (72%) LN1-3 (28%)	•	27 hospitals	Recomm	Physician (CP factors and/or IHC for ER/PR/Ki67)	Recomm (unclear)	Physician	NR	-	NR

N, number of patient; HR+, hormone receptor positive; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor; ER+, oestrogen receptor positive; LN, lymph node; Inter, intermediate; NR or -, not reported; Prosp, prospective; Retro, retrospective; CP, clinicopathological; Recomm, recommendation; MDT, multidisciplinary team

REFERENCES

- 1. Hassan S, Ooi J, Garnsey C, Walker P. Does oncotype DX testing prove to be both cost effective and clinically beneficial in patients with early breast cancer? A single unit observational study. *British Journal of Surgery* 2015;102:32-.
- 2. Hassan S, Ooi J, Welsh R, Pearson M. Oncotype DX testing: Our experience at the Royal Bolton Hospital. *Eur J Surg Oncol* 2015;41 (6):S28.
- 3. Holt S, Bertelli G, Humphreys I, Valentine W, Durrani S, Pudney D, *et al.* A decision impact, decision conflict and economic assessment of routine Oncotype DX testing of 146 women with node-negative or pNImi, ER-positive breast cancer in the U.K. *British Journal of Cancer* 2013;108:2250-8.
- 4. Albanell J, Svedman C, Gligorov J, Holt SD, Bertelli G, Blohmer JU, *et al.* Pooled analysis of prospective European studies assessing the impact of using the 21-gene Recurrence Score assay on clinical decision making in women with oestrogen receptor-positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2-negative early-stage breast cancer. *Eur J Cancer* 2016;66:104-13.
- 5. Kiernan T, Olsson-Brown AC, Innes H, Holcombe C, Thorp N, O'Hagan J, et al. Knowledge of oncotype Dx recurrence score increases confidence and concordance in adjuvant decisions of U.K. oncologists. Cancer Research Conference: 38th Annual CTRC AACR San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium San Antonio, TX United States Conference Start 2016;76.
- 6. Kuchel A, Robinson T, Comins C, Shere M, Varughese M, Sparrow G, *et al*. The impact of the 21-gene assay on adjuvant treatment decisions in oestrogen receptor-positive early breast cancer: a prospective study. *Br J Cancer* 2016;114:731-6.
- 7. Loncaster J, Armstrong A, Howell S, Wilson G, Welch R, Chittalia A, *et al.* Impact of Oncotype DX breast Recurrence Score testing on adjuvant chemotherapy use in early breast cancer: Real world experience in Greater Manchester, UK. *Eur J Surg Oncol* 2017;09:09.
- 8. Albanell J, Gonzalez A, Ruiz-Borrego M, Alba E, Garcia-Saenz JA, Corominas JM, *et al.* Prospective transGEICAM study of the impact of the 21-gene Recurrence Score assay and traditional clinicopathological factors on adjuvant clinical decision making in women with estrogen receptor-positive (ER+) node-negative breast cancer. *Ann Oncol* 2012;23:625-31.
- 9. Bodmer A, Hugli A, Diebold Berger S, Favet L, Guetty Alberto M, Exquis B. Usefulness of the 21-gene assay to guide adjuvant chemotherapy decision-making: Geneva experience. *Breast* 2015;24:S108.
- 10. De San Vicente BL, Novas P, Calvo EG, Arrazubi V, Sala MA, Fernandez S, *et al.* Impact of the intermediate Oncotype DX Recurrence Score results on adjuvant treatment recommendations in hormone receptor-positive early breast cancer in a single center. *J Clin Oncol Conf* 2015;33.
- 11. Dieci MV, Guarneri V, Mion M, Tortora G, Morandi P, Gori S, *et al.* First prospective multicenter Italian study on the impact of the 21-gene recurrence score (RS) in adjuvant clinical decisions for ER + HER2-early breast cancer patients. *Ann Oncol Conference: 41st European Society for Medical Oncology Congress, ESMO* 2016;27.
- 12. Dreyfus C, Ballester M, Gligorov J, Agranat P, Antoine M, Tengher I, *et al.* Impact of the 21-gene assay in decision-making during multidisciplinary breast meeting: A French experience. *Gynecologie, Obstetrique & Fertilite* 2015;43:780-5.
- 13. Eiermann W, Rezai M, Kummel S, Kuhn T, Warm M, Friedrichs K, *et al.* The 21-gene recurrence score assay impacts adjuvant therapy recommendations for ER-positive, nodenegative and node-positive early breast cancer resulting in a risk-adapted change in chemotherapy use. *Annals of Oncology* 2013;24:618-24.
- 14. Gligorov J, Pivot XB, Jacot W, Naman HL, Spaeth D, Misset JL, *et al.* Prospective clinical utility study of the use of the 21-gene assay in adjuvant clinical decision making in women with estrogen receptor-positive early invasive breast cancer: Results From the SWITCH study. *Oncologist* 2015;20:873-9.
- 15. Hejduk K, Petrakova K, Petruzelka L, Bielcikova Z, Kolarova I, Finek J, *et al.* Economic assessment of routine oncotype DX testing of estrogen receptor positive (ER+) early breast

- cancer (EBC) patients with grade 2 tumours in Czech Republic. *Value Health* 2016;19 (7):A720.
- 16. Petrakova K, Petruzelka L, Holanek M, Svoboda T, Palacova M, Bielcikova Z, et al. The impact of the 21-gene assay in the Czech Republic on adjuvant chemotherapy (CT) recommendations and costs in estrogen receptor positive (ER+) early stage breast cancer (ESBC) patients with grade 2 tumors and risk factors. Annals of Oncology Conference: 41st European Society for Medical Oncology Congress, ESMO 2016;27.
- 17. Petrakova K, Petruzelka LB, Holanek M, Svoboda T, Palacova M, Kolarova I, *et al.* The impact of the 21-gene assay in the Czech Republic on adjuvant chemotherapy (CT) recommendations and costs in estrogen receptor positive (ER+) early stage breast cancer (ESBC) patients with grade 2 tumors and risk factors. *Journal of Clinical Oncology Conference* 2016;34.
- 18. Mouysset J, Laplaige P, Fignon A, Jallais L, Lafuma A, Michaud P, *et al.* The 21-gene assay in the decision impact assessment of ER+, HER2-breast cancer: A French real life prospective study. *Value Health* 2016;19 (7):A685.
- 19. Novas P, Calvo EG, Gonzalez MAS, Arteaga JFA, San Vicente BLD, Arrazubi V, *et al.* Impact of Onco-type DX recurrence score in the management of pN1mic early breast cancer. *J Clin Oncol Conf* 2016;34.
- 20. Pestalozzi BC, Tausch C, Dedes KJ, Rochlitz C, Zimmermann S, Von Moos R, *et al.* Adjuvant treatment recommendations for ER+ early breast cancer patients by Swiss tumor boards (SAKK 26/10). *Eur J Cancer* 2015;51:S313.
- 21. Wassermann J, Toledano A, Gligorov J, Conforti R, Grapin JP, Benothman S, *et al.* Routine practice use of Oncotype Dx assay in French breast cancer patients. *Eur J Cancer* 2015;51:S323.
- 22. Bloomfield DJ, Arbon A, Cox J, Hack B, Hall J, Harper-Wynne C. Patient/oncologist decisions about adjuvant chemotherapy in ER+ve, HER2-ve early breast cancer following EndoPredict testing. *American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) conference* 2017.
- 23. Ettl J, Lackmann KG, Hapfelmeier A, Klein E, Paepke S, Petry C, et al. Prospective comparison of conventional clinicopathological factors, uPA/PAI-1 and EndoPredict-clin score (EPclin) for adjuvant clinical decision making in ER-positive, HER2-negative breast cancer: Progesterone receptor expression is strongly associat. Cancer Research Conference: 37th Annual CTRC AACR San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium San Antonio, TX United States Conference Start 2015;75.
- 24. Muller BM, Keil E, Lehmann A, Winzer KJ, Richter-Ehrenstein C, Prinzler J, *et al.* The EndoPredict Gene-Expression Assay in Clinical Practice Performance and Impact on Clinical Decisions. *PLoS ONE [Electronic Resource]* 2013;8:e68252.
- 25. Penault-Llorca FM, Kwiatkovski F, Grenier J. A prospective multicenter non-randomized trial evaluating the effect of EndoPredict® (EPclin®) clinicogenomic test on treatment decision making among patients with intermediate clinical risk. *SABCS poster* 2016.
- 26. Yeo B, Zabaglo L, Hills M, Dodson A, Smith I, Dowsett M. Clinical utility of the IHC4+C score in oestrogen receptor-positive early breast cancer: a prospective decision impact study. *Br J Cancer* 2015;113:390-5.
- 27. Martin M, Gonzalez-Rivera M, Morales S, de la Haba-Rodriguez J, Gonzalez-Cortijo L, Manso L, *et al.* Prospective study of the impact of the Prosigna assay on adjuvant clinical decision-making in unselected patients with estrogen receptor positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor negative, node negative early-stage breast cancer. *Current Medical Research & Opinion* 2015;31:1129-37.
- 28. Van Asten K, Neven P, Puthod V, Ghali N, Lintermans A, Jongen L, *et al.* Concordance between PAM50 and clinico-pathological prognostic markers when deciding on adjuvant chemotherapy in early breast cancer. *Eur J Cancer* 2016;57:S146.
- 29. Wuerstlein R, Sotlar K, Gluz O, Otremba B, von Schumann R, Witzel I, *et al.* The West German Study Group Breast Cancer Intrinsic Subtype study: a prospective multicenter decision impact study utilizing the Prosigna assay for adjuvant treatment decision-making in estrogen-receptor-positive, HER2-negative early-stage breast cancer. *Current Medical Research & Opinion* 2016;32:1217-24.

- 30. Bueno-de-Mesquita JM, van Harten WH, Retel VP, van 't Veer LJ, van Dam FS, Karsenberg K, *et al.* Use of 70-gene signature to predict prognosis of patients with node-negative breast cancer: a prospective community-based feasibility study (RASTER). *Lancet Oncol* 2007:8:1079-87.
- 31. Cusumano PG, Generali D, Ciruelos E, Manso L, Ghanem I, Lifrange E, *et al.* European inter-institutional impact study of MammaPrint. *Breast* 2014;23:423-8.
- 32. Drukker CA, van den Hout HC, Sonke GS, Brain E, Bonnefoi H, Cardoso F, *et al.* Risk estimations and treatment decisions in early stage breast cancer: agreement among oncologists and the impact of the 70-gene signature. *Eur J Cancer* 2014;50:1045-54.
- 33. Exner R, Bago-Horvath Z, Bartsch R, Mittlboeck M, Retel VP, Fitzal F, *et al.* The multigene signature MammaPrint impacts on multidisciplinary team decisions in ER+, HER2- early breast cancer. *British Journal of Cancer* 2014;111:837-42.
- 34. Hartmann S, Gerber B, Elling D, Heintze K, Reimer T. The 70-Gene Signature as Prognostic Factor for Elderly Women with Hormone Receptor-Positive, HER2-Negative Breast Cancer. *Breast Care* 2012;7:19-24.
- 35. Kuijer A, Straver M, Van Bommel AC. Impact of the 70-gene signature on adjuvant chemotherapy decisions in ER+ early breast cancer patients: results of a prospective cohort study. *San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium* 2016.
- 36. Rullan AJ, Pernas S, Margeli M, Joan D, Quiroga V, Stradella A, *et al.* Use of Mammaprint (c) (MMP) genetic signature in early breast cancer patients. Economic analisys of a 129 patient cohort treated in three Spanish hospitals. *Cancer Research* 2016;76.
- Wuerstlein R, Gluz O, Kates R. Results of multigene assay (MammaPrint) and molecular subtyping (BluePrint) substantially impact treatment decision making in early breast cancer: Final analysis of the WSG PRIMe Decision Impact Study. *SABCS* 2016.