The effect of statins on muscle symptoms in primary care: the StatinWISE series of 200 N-of-1 RCTs

Emily Herrett,¹ Elizabeth Williamson,²
Kieran Brack,³ Alexander Perkins,⁴ Andrew Thayne,⁴
Haleema Shakur-Still,⁴ Ian Roberts,⁴
Danielle Prowse,⁴ Danielle Beaumont,⁴
Zahra Jamal,⁴ Ben Goldacre,⁵ Tjeerd van Staa,⁶
Thomas M MacDonald,⁷ Jane Armitage,⁸
Michael Moore,⁹ Maurice Hoffman¹⁰
and Liam Smeeth^{1*}

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¹Department of Non-communicable Disease Epidemiology, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine, London, UK

²Department of Medical Statistics, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine, London, UK

³Liver Research, King's College Hospital, London, UK

⁴Clinical Trials Unit, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine, London, UK

⁵Nuffield Department of Primary Care Health Sciences, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK

⁶Division of Informatics, Imaging and Data Sciences, University of Manchester, Manchester, UK

⁷Medicines Monitoring Unit, School of Medicine, University of Dundee, Dundee, UK

⁸Medical Research Council Population Health Research Unit, Nuffield Department of Population Health, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK

⁹School of Primary Care and Population Sciences, University of Southampton, Southampton, UK

¹⁰London, UK

^{*}Corresponding author Liam.smeeth@lshtm.ac.uk

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Plain English summary

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Plain English summary

Statins are one of the most commonly prescribed drugs in the UK. There is strong evidence that they are effective in safely reducing heart disease; however, there is some doubt about whether or not statins cause muscle pain, stiffness or weakness. This research has been carried out to understand the effect of statins on muscle symptoms.

To answer our question, we asked 200 volunteers from across England and Wales to participate in the study. Patients who joined the study either had recently stopped taking statins because of muscle symptoms or were considering stopping because of muscle symptoms. Patients who participated were randomly assigned to a sequence of six 2-month treatment periods during which they received either statins or a placebo. Neither patients nor their general practitioner knew which tablet they were receiving. This helped to reduce bias in the data. At the end of each treatment period, patients were asked to report any muscle symptoms, or any other symptoms, that they experienced.

The key result of this work is that patients reported no difference, on average, in their muscle symptoms between periods of taking a statin and periods of taking a placebo. We also assessed the impact on the patient's quality of life by looking at how statins affected the following areas: general activity, mood, walking ability, normal work, relations with other people, sleep and enjoyment of life. As with muscle symptoms, there was no evidence of a difference between statin and placebo periods. The majority of patients who finished the trial decided to continue using statins after the trial. Future research should be carried out to assess different statin doses, as higher doses are often used following a heart attack. In addition, further work is needed to see how the approach we used could be adopted into everyday clinical care.

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This report

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