## Digital interventions in mental health: evidence syntheses and economic modelling

Lina Gega,<sup>1,2,3\*</sup> Dina Jankovic,<sup>4</sup> Pedro Saramago,<sup>4</sup> David Marshall,<sup>5</sup> Sarah Dawson,<sup>6,7</sup> Sally Brabyn,<sup>1</sup> Georgios F Nikolaidis,<sup>4</sup> Hollie Melton,<sup>5</sup> Rachel Churchill<sup>5,6</sup> and Laura Bojke<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Health and Social Care Sciences, University of York, York, UK <sup>2</sup>Hull York Medical School, University of York, York, UK <sup>3</sup>Tees, Esk and Wear Valleys NHS Foundation Trust, Middlesbrough, UK <sup>4</sup>Centre for Health Economics, University of York, York, UK <sup>5</sup>Centre for Reviews & Dissemination, University of York, York, UK <sup>6</sup>Common Mental Disorders Group, Cochrane Collaboration, University of York, York, UK <sup>7</sup>Bristol Medical School, Population Health Sciences, University of Bristol, Bristol, UK

\*Corresponding author lina.gega@york.ac.uk

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# **Plain English summary**

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Digital interventions are activities accessed via technology platforms (e.g. computers, smartphones and virtual reality) that can improve users' mental health and reduce addiction problems. To assess whether or not digital interventions offer 'value for money', we needed to compare their costs and outcomes with the costs and outcomes of alternatives, such as face-to-face therapy and medication. This was done through economic evaluations.

This project consisted of four work packages. In work package 1, we reviewed 76 published economic evaluations of digital interventions for different mental health and addiction problems. We could not directly compare their results because of differences in the methods that were used, but the overall picture suggested that digital interventions could offer good value for money as an alternative to 'doing nothing' or simply monitoring someone or giving them general information.

The picture was unclear when digital interventions were compared with face-to-face therapy. In work package 2, we pooled research studies that evaluated the outcomes of digital interventions in reducing anxiety and worry; the results were inconclusive because we were uncertain about the differences in outcomes between digital interventions and alternatives. In work package 3, an economic model suggested that value for money in digital interventions is driven by how good they are and not by how much they cost. In work package 4, we presented our methods and results to service users, mental health professionals and researchers who wanted to know more about the value of digital interventions for specific groups (e.g. children and older adults) and for outcomes other than reducing symptoms (e.g. reducing waiting times for treatment and improving attendance for therapy). Finally, the stakeholders highlighted four factors that may influence their decisions to use digital interventions, other than costs and outcomes: increasing choice, reaching underserved populations, enabling continuous care and accepting the 'inevitability of going digital'.

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